



*This report describes current trends in suburban Cook County for influenza and other respiratory viruses. Selected graphics are presented on pages 2-4. For complete surveillance data on flu, COVID-19, and RSV, please visit our dashboard at <https://ccdphcd.shinyapps.io/influenza/>. CCDPH is also now tracking “Broad Respiratory” illness in our hospitalization data. This CDC-defined syndrome includes a wide array of specific and non-specific respiratory diagnoses and complications, such as bronchitis or pneumonia.*

## Key Points

Overall, influenza activity is **Moderate** and stable.

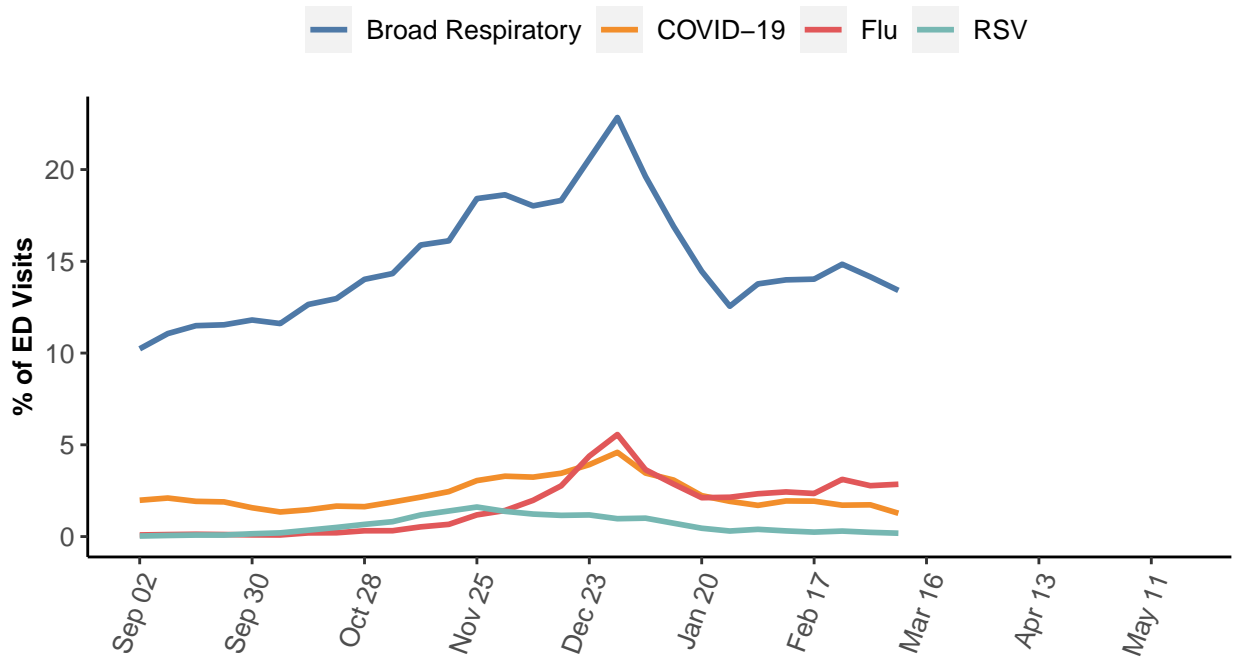
- ED visits and admissions for flu remain elevated, particularly among children and seniors.
- **COVID-19** emergency visits and hospitalizations are decreasing and remain below last year’s levels. Hospitalizations for children under five and school-aged children have increased slightly over the last two weeks.
- RSV remains elevated for children under 5; however, activity has peaked for the season and continues to steadily decline.
- Flu-related ICU admission rates are the highest among adults over 65 and non-Hispanic Black residents.
- The percent of deaths associated with pneumonia, influenza, or COVID-19 surpassed the peak of last winter’s respiratory virus season in early January but continues to trend down.
- Of specimens tested for influenza, 12.1% are positive. 2% of RSV and 3.8% of COVID-19 specimens tested are positive.
- Of specimens positive for influenza, 90% have been influenza A. 565 influenza A specimens have subtype available. Of these, 67% were pandemic 2009 H1N1 and 37% were H3N2. Influenza A detections are trending down, while influenza B detections are trending up; detections of flu B have starting to surpass flu A.
- Wastewater detections for all respiratory viruses are decreasing.
- Recommendations for individuals include staying up-to-date with all [recommended respiratory vaccines](#). The CDC recommends everyone six months and older get both an annual flu shot (ideally by the end of October) and an updated 2023-2024 COVID-19 shot. New vaccines are also available for RSV this season. Talk to your health care provider about the RSV vaccine or RSV antibody shot if you have a child under 2, are over 60 years old, or are pregnant. [Recommendations](#) also include staying home when sick, avoiding contact with others who might be sick, and practicing good respiratory hygiene like washing your hands and covering your cough.
- Recommendations for communities and healthcare organizations include promoting equitable access to respiratory vaccines and tests, masks, medications, and support services. Support individuals to stay home when sick with respiratory symptoms until 24 hours fever-free and symptoms have improved. Clinicians should review guidelines for [antiviral treatment](#) when respiratory pathogens are co-circulating and healthcare facilities may wish to consider additional [mitigation strategies](#) such as universal masking and visitor restrictions.

---

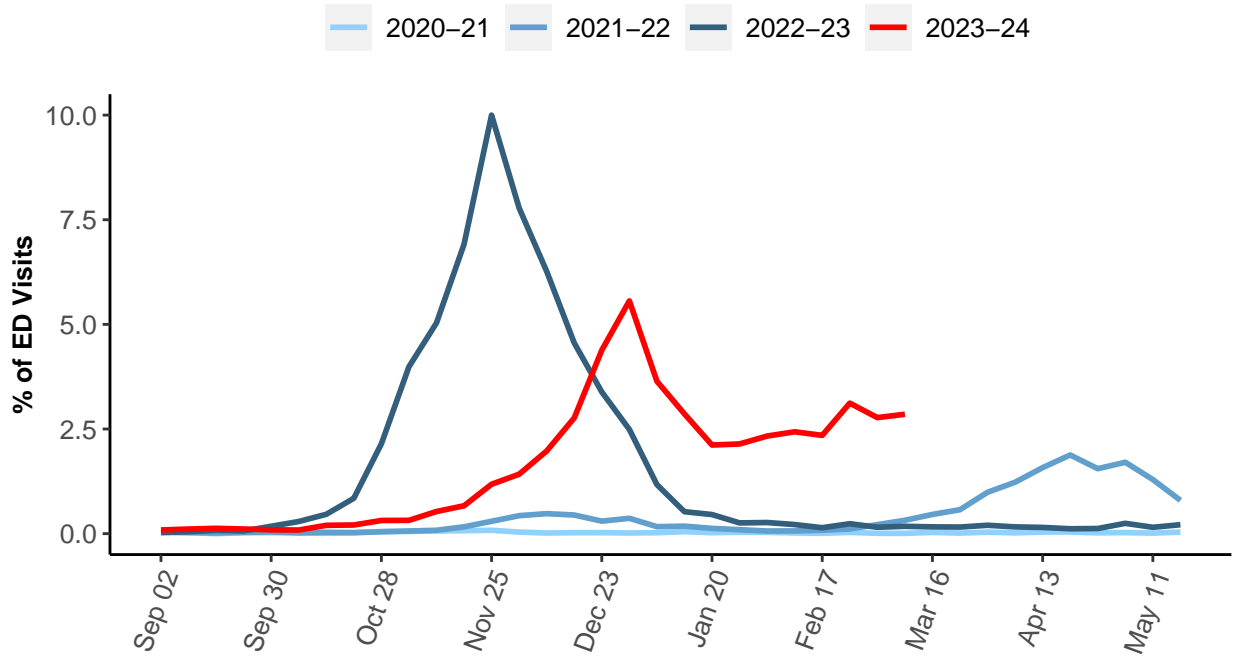
*We would like to thank all of our surveillance partners for their help in collecting this information! For additional details on our methods, please visit <https://cookcountypublichealth.org/documents/cd/respiratory-surveillance-methods.html>*



**Emergency Rooms Visits by Respiratory Virus**

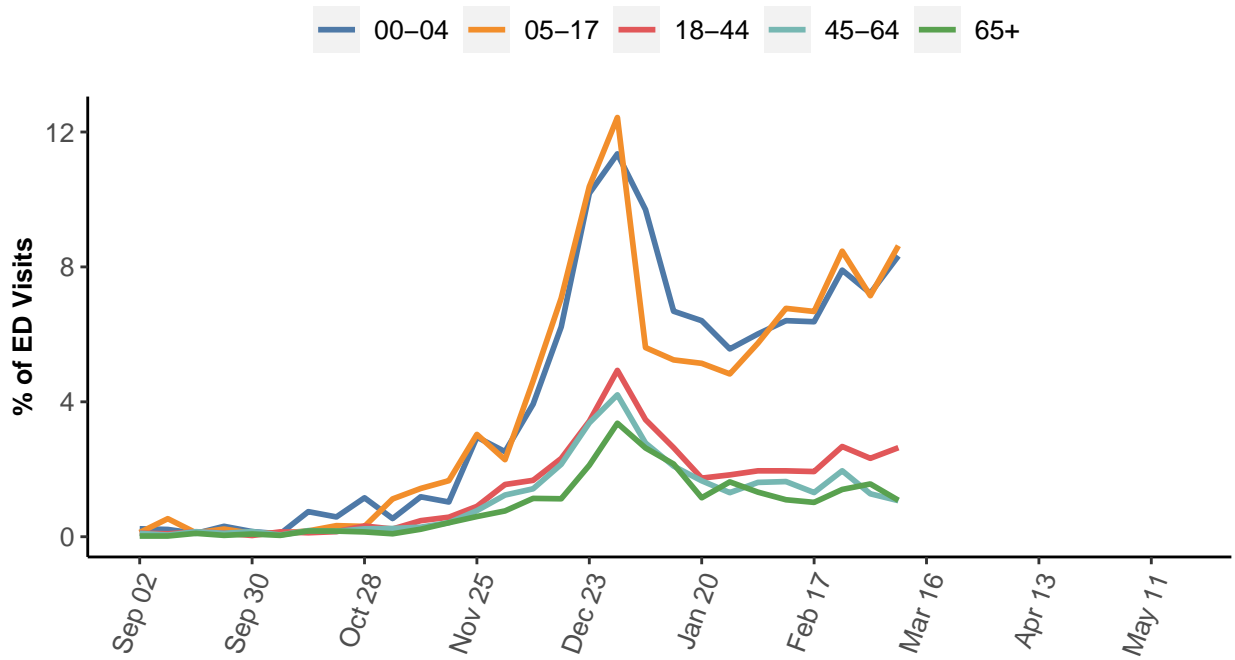


**Emergency Rooms Visits for Flu By Season**

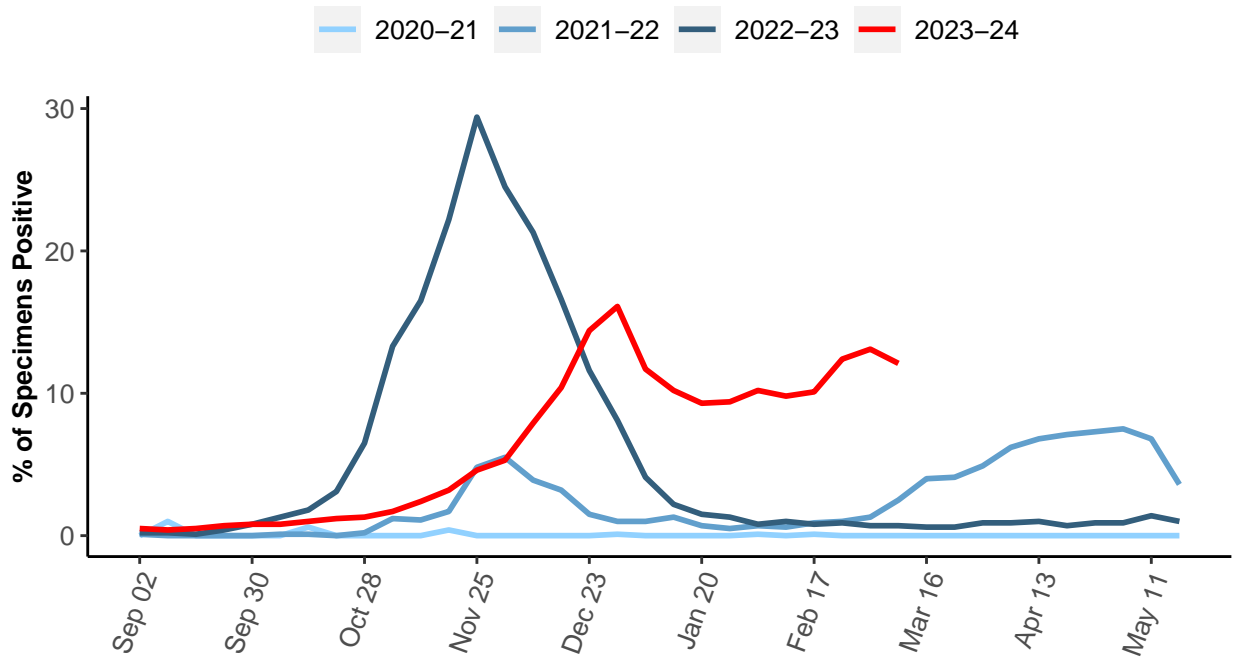




### Emergency Room Visits for Flu by Age

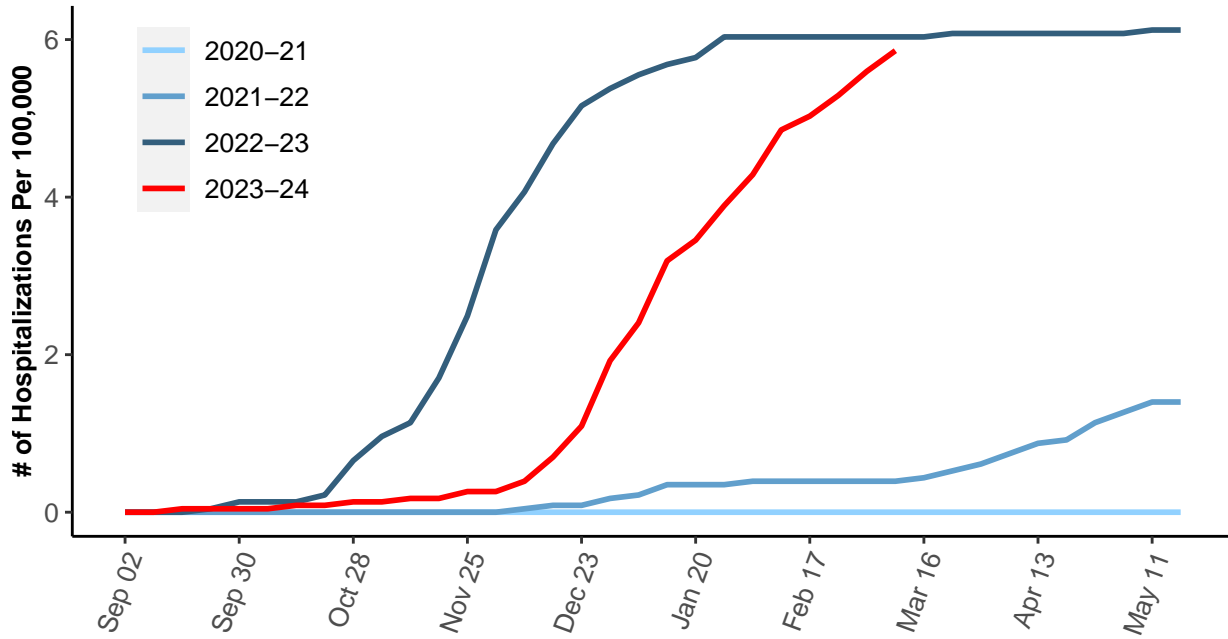


### Percent of Respiratory Specimens Positive for Flu





**Cumulative ICU Admission Rate for Flu**



**CDC Influenza-like Illness (ILI) Activity Levels by State**

